

ECE 460/365 HW 7

1. How many roots of the following polynomial are in the LHP, RHP and $j\omega$ axis?

$$P(D) = D^5 + 2D^4 + 2D^3 + 4D^2 + D + 2$$

2. How many poles of the following function are in the LHP, RHP and $j\omega$ axis?

$$T(D) = \frac{D^2 + 7D + 10}{D^6 + 2D^4 - D^2 - 2}$$

3. The closed-loop Transfer function of a system is

$$T(D) = \frac{D + 5}{D^5 - D^4 + 3D^3 - 3D^2 + 2D - 1}$$

Determine how many poles are in the LHP, RHP & $j\omega$ axis.

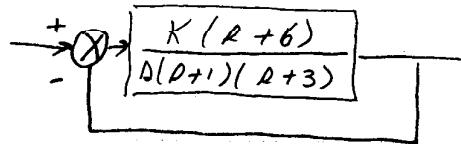
4. Repeat (3) for

$$T(D) = \frac{D^2 + 3D - 4}{D^4 + 4D^3 + 5D^2 + 8D + 6}$$

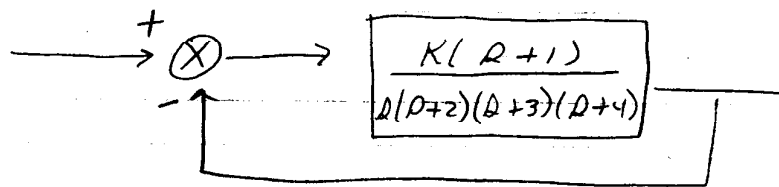
14. Consider the following root table. Notice the D^5 row was originally all zeros. Tell how many poles are in the RHP, LHP & $j\omega$ axis

s^7	1	2	-1	-2
s^6	1	2	-1	-2
s^5	3	4	-1	0
s^4	1	-1	-3	0
s^3	7	8	0	0
s^2	-15	-21	0	0
s^1	-9	0	0	0
s^0	-21	0	0	0

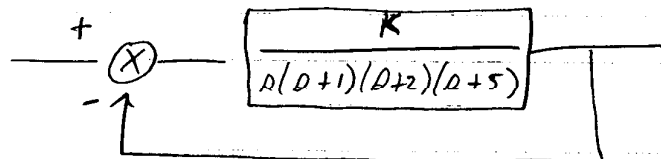
18. Determine the range of K for stability



19. Repeat (18) for



34. Consider the following system



- Find K for stability
- Find K for Marginal stability
- Find the actual location of the closed loop poles when the system is marginally stable.