## **Homework - Computations involving complex numbers**

- 1. For each of the following complex numbers, draw the appropriate s plane diagram to describe the number geometrically, and express in equivalent exponential polar coordinates.
  - (a) 1+j2
  - (b) 2.7 + j3.1
  - (c) -6.4 + j6.4
  - (d) 3.1 j8.4
  - (e) -17.7 + j42.3
  - (f) -3.-j0.0
  - (g) 5.0 j5.0
- 2. Transform each of the following into rectangular coordinates.
  - (a)  $18e^{j25^0}$
  - (b)  $32e^{j270}$
  - (c)  $8e^{j180}$
  - (d)  $144e^{j350}$
  - (e)  $9.7e^{j123}$
- 3. For each of the complex pairs listed below, form the quantities  $s_1 s_2$  and  $s_1 / s_2$ . Draw the resulting s plane vector diagrams.
  - (a)  $s_1 = 2 + j3$ ,  $s_2 = -4 + j8$
  - (b)  $s_1 = 0.5 + j7.0$ ,  $s_2 = 14e^{j45^\circ}$
  - (c)  $s_1 = 126e^{j67^0}$ ,  $s_2 = 11e^{j349^0}$
  - (d)  $s_1 = 18 + j0$ ,  $s_2 = 0 + j3$
  - (e)  $s_1 = 4 j5$ ,  $s_2 = -2 j7$
- 4. Compute the following distinct roots, and describe the results graphically.
  - (a)  $\sqrt[3]{2}$
  - (b)  $\sqrt{-1+j\sqrt{3}}$
  - (c)  $\sqrt[3]{-1}$
  - (d)  $\sqrt[5]{-1-j1}$
  - (e)  $\sqrt[4]{()+j16}$
  - (f)  $\sqrt[3]{e^{j40^0}}$