

1. Convert to polar form:

a) $3 + 2j$

e) $-1 - 7j$

b) $2 + 3j$

f) $1 + 7j$

c) $-1 + 7j$

g) $7 + j$

d) $7 - j$

h) $-7 + j$

2. Convert to rectangular form:

a) $7 \angle 20^\circ$

e) $3 \angle 20^\circ$

b) $-7 \angle 20^\circ$

f) $3 \angle -20^\circ$

c) $7 \angle 200^\circ$

g) $10 \angle 0^\circ$

d) $-7 \angle 200^\circ$

h) $1 \angle -90^\circ$

3. Perform the following calculations. Report

The answer in rectangular form.

a) $(3 + 2j) - (7 + j)$

b) $(-7 + j) + 10 \angle 0^\circ$

c) $10 \angle 90^\circ - 10 \angle 0^\circ$

d) $(3 + 2j) * 10 \angle 20^\circ$

4. Perform the following calculations. Report

The answer in polar form.

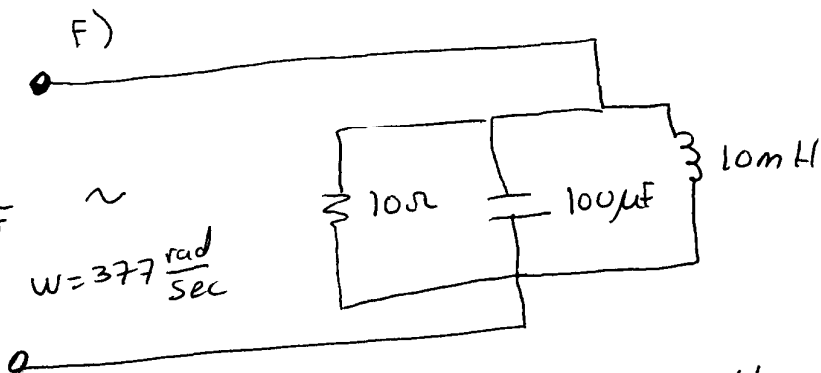
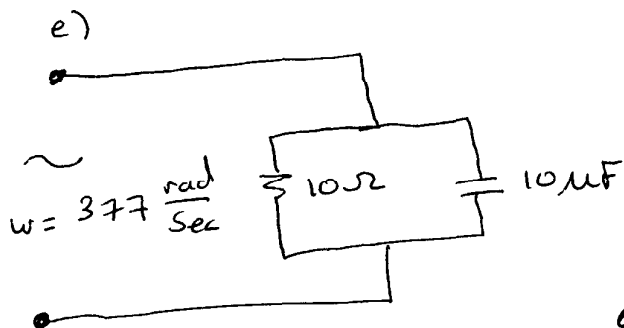
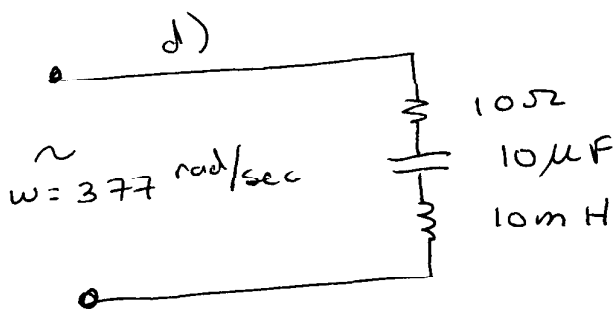
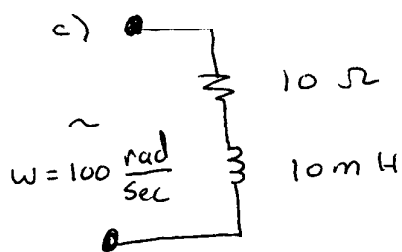
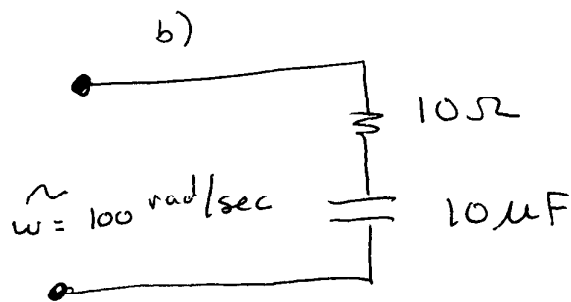
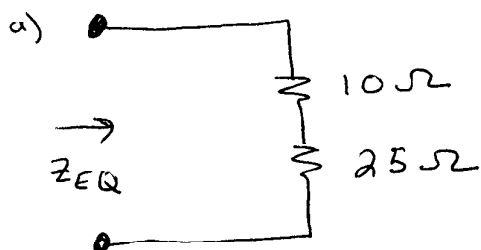
a) $(7 \angle 30^\circ) * (2 + 3j)$

b) $(3 + 2j) - (7 + j)$

c) $\frac{(2 + j)}{10 \angle 20^\circ}$

d) $\frac{(2 + j)}{(3 - j)}$

5. Find the equivalent impedance of the following configurations.



6. Find $i(t)$ given $v(t) = 10 \cos(377t + 20^\circ)$ Volts.

Hint: Write all elements using complex impedances; $Z_R = R$, $Z_L = j\omega L$, $Z_C = -j/\omega C$, and use circuit simplification.

